

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL SDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-949-474-7707

## PRODUCT NAME: All Clear<sub>®</sub> Black Algaecide

## **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Supplier</u> Aqua Tri <sub>®</sub> 17872 Mitchell N.	REVISION DATE: SUPERCEDES:	08/04/2011 11/02/2010
Irvine, CA 92614-6034 USA Telephone: +19494747707 Telefax: +19494747024 Web: WWW.ALLCLEAR.COM	SDS Number: SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY: DESCRIPTION / USE FORMULA:	000000012485 None None established None established

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Classification:	Corrosive	
Routes of Entry: Medical Conditions Ag	gravated:	Eyes Skin Inhalation Ingestion Asthma, Respiratory disorders
Human Threshold Res	•	
Odor Threshold	Not established	for product.
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Irritation Threshold

Not established for product.

Hazardous Materials Identification S	vstem / National Fire Protection Association Classifications
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Hazard Ratings :	<u>Health</u>	Flammability	Physical / Instability	<u>PPI / Special</u> hazard.
HMIS	3	0	0	
NFPA	3	0	0	

	Immediate	(Acute	) Health	Effects	
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Inhalation Toxicity:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Toxicity:	Corrosive to skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin.
Eye Toxicity:	Corrosive. Burns can occur following exposure. Direct contact may cause impairment of vision, corneal damage and/or blindness. Rinsing of the eye should take place immediately.
Ingestion Toxicity:	May be harmful if swallowed. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines, characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding, and/or tissue ulceration or perforation.
Acute Target Organ Toxicity:	This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted. Eyes, Skin, Respiratory Tract, Gastrointestinal tract
Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effe	<u>ects</u>
Carcinogenicity:	This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:	No reproductive or developmental risk to humans is expected from exposure to this product.

There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure.

effects similar to those experienced from single exposure.

effects (if any) similar to those experienced from acute exposure.

There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure except for

There are no known or reported effects from chronic ingestion except for

Inhalation: Skin Contact:

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Ingestion:

Sensitization:Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.Chronic Target Organ Toxicity:None knownSupplemental Health HazardNo additional health information available.Information :



## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% RANGE</u>
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-C12-16-ALKY	68424-85-1	
BASIC COPPER CARBONATE	12069-69-1	
ALCOHOL DENAT.	64-17-5	

## **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Advice:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Inhalation:	IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Ingestion:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



# **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability Summary (OSHA):	The product is not flammable., Not combustible., The substance or mixture is not classified as pyrophoric., Not explosive
Flammable Properties	
Fire / Explosion Hazards:	Will not burn
Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In case of fire, use normal fire-fighting equipment and the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 to include a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection for Emergency Situations:	Additional protective clothing must be worn to prevent personal contact with this material. Those items include but are not limited to boots, impervious gloves, hard hat, splash-proof goggles, impervious clothing, i.e., chemically impermeable suit, self-contained breathing apparatus.
Spill Mitigation Procedures	
Air Release:	Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Water Release:	solublelf the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Land Release:	Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand,
	vermiculite). Do not use clay to absorb spill. Avoid release to the environment.
Additional Spill Information :	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. If in eyes or on skin, rinse well with water. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Isolate from incompatible materials. Do not freeze.



Incompatible Materials for Storage: Refer to Section 10, "Incompatible Materials."

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation:	Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain levels below exposure limits.			
Protective Equipment for Ro	outine Use of Pro	<u>oduct</u>		
Respiratory Protection :	: Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are possible., A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor/N95 cartridges. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the published limit. A NIOSH approved full-face respirator as a minimum.			
Skin Protection :				es Boots Apron A full impervious suit
Eye Protection: Protective Clothing Type: General Protective Measures:	is recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of the body. Chemical resistant goggles must be worn. Face-shield Impervious, Neoprene, Butyl rubber Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Exposure Limit Data				
<u>CHEMICAL NAME</u> Triethanolamine		<u>.S #</u> -71-6	<u>Name of Limit</u> ACGIH	<u>Exposure</u> 5 mg/m3 TWA
Ethanolamine	141	-43-5	ACGIH	3 ppm TWA
Ethanolamine	141	43-5	ACGIH	6 ppm STEL
Ethanolamine	141	-43-5	OSHA Z1	3 ppm TWA 6 mg/m3 TWA
Ethanolamine	141	43-5	NIOSH-IDLH	30 ppm
BASIC COPPER CARBON	ATE 1206	9-69-1	ACGIH	1 mg/m3 Calculated as Cu TWA dusts and mists
BASIC COPPER CARBON	ATE 1206	9-69-1	OSHA Z1	1 mg/m3 TWA dusts and mists
BASIC COPPER CARBON	ATE 1206	9-69-1	NIOSH-IDLH	100 mg/m3
ALCOHOL DENAT.	64-	17-5	ACGIH	1,000 ppm TWA



ALCOHOL DENAT.	64-17-5	OSHA Z1	1,000 ppm TWA 1,900 mg/m3 TWA
ALCOHOL DENAT.	64-17-5	NIOSH-IDLH	3,300 ppm

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Form Color: Odor: Molecular Weight: Specific Gravity : pH :	liquid No data. dark blue No data. None established 1.049 20 °C 9.5 - 9.7
Boiling Point:	no data available
Freezing Point:	
Melting Point:	not applicable
Density: Bulk Density: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density:	not applicable no data available no data available no data available > 1
Viscosity:	34.5 mPas
Solubility in Water: Partition coefficient n- octanol/water: Evaporation Rate: Oxidizing: Volatiles, % by vol.: VOC Content HAP Content	20 °C no data available soluble no data available no data available None established no data available no data available Not applicable

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability and Reactivity Summary:	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Heat.
Chemical Incompatibility:	Strong acids and oxidizing agents, Clay
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Hydrogen chloride gas, Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Decomposition Temperature:	No data

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# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component Animal Toxic Oral LD50 value:	<u>cology</u>
Triethanolamine	LD50 = 7,390 mg/kg Rat
Ethanolamine	LD50 = 1,700  mg/kg rat
QUATERNARY	LD50 = 426 mg/kg Rat
AMMONIUM	
COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-	
C12-16-ALKY BASIC COPPER	LD50 = 1,350 mg/kg rat
CARBONATE	
ALCOHOL DENAT.	LD50 = 7,060 mg/kg Rat
Component Animal Toxic	cology
Dermal LD50 value:	
Triethanolamine	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit
Ethanolamine	LD50 Approximately 1,000 mg/kg rabbit
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM	No data
COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-	
C12-16-ALKY	
BASIC COPPER CARBONATE	no data available
ALCOHOL DENAT.	LD50 Believed to be > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit
Component Animal Toxic	
Inhalation LC50 value:	<u>sology</u>
Triethanolamine	A saturated vapor concentration for 8 hours (rats) did not produce any deaths.
Ethanolamine	LC50 1 h $>$ 4.8 MG/L mouse
Ethanolamine	LC50 4 h > 970 ppm mouse
QUATERNARY	No data
AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-	
C12-16-ALKY	
BASIC COPPER	no data available
CARBONATE	
ALCOHOL DENAT.	Inhalation LC50 10 h = 20,000 ppm Rat
Product Animal Toxicity	
Oral LD50 value:	1,030 mg/kg Rat
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<u>Dermal LD50 value</u> : <u>Inhalation LC50</u> <u>value</u> : Skin Irritation:	1,872 mg/kg Rat No data. Corrosive to skin	
Eye Irritation: Skin Sensitization:	Corrosive to eyes Not believed to be sensi	tising to skin.
Subchronic / Chronic Toxicity:	There are no known or r secondary to burns.	reported effects from repeated exposure except those
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity		rted to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.
Triethanolamin	e	This product has been tested and was shown not to produce any adverse effects on reproductive function or fetal development when administered to laboratory animals.
Ethanolamine		This chemical has been tested in laboratory animals and no evidence of teratogenicity, embryotoxicity or fetotoxicity was seen.
ALCOHOL DEI	NAT.	This chemical has been tested in laboratory animals and developmental and/or teratogenic effects were seen following ingestion.
Mutagenicity: Triethanolamin		rted to be mutagenic. This chemical has been shown to be non-mutagenic based on a battery of assays.
Ethanolamine		This chemical has been tested in a battery of mutagenicity/genotoxicity assays and the results were negative.
ALCOHOL DEI	NAT.	This product has been tested for mutagenicity. Tests revealed both positive and negative results. Based on the weight of evidence, we judge this product NOT to be a mutagenic hazard.
Carcinogenicity:		known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference RC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.
Triethanolamin		The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this product or a component of this product as a Group 3 substance, Unclassifiable as to Its Carcinogenicity to Humans.
Ethanolamine		This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA. Chemicals of similar structure have been shown not to cause cancer in laboratory animals.
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ALCOHOL DENAT.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this product or a component of this product as a Group 3 substance, Unclassifiable as to Its Carcinogenicity to Humans. The FDA determined that this product is not carcinogenic in laboratory animals.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Overview:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

### Ecological Toxicity Values for: Triethanolamine

Fathead minnow (Pimephales	-	(measured, flow-through) 96 h LC50 = 11,800 mg/l
promelas),		
Daphnia magna,	-	(nominal, static). 24 h EC50= 1,850 mg/l
Common shrimp (Crangon	-	(nominal, renewal). 48 h LC50> 100 mg/l
crangon)		
Green algae (Scenedesmus	-	(nominal, static). 48 h EC50 = 750 mg/l
subspicatus)		

#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: Ethanolamine

Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 150 mg/l
mykiss)		
Mosquito fish	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 337.5 mg/l
Bluegill	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 329.16 mg/l
Fathead minnow (Pimephales	-	(measured, flow-through) 96 h LC50 = 2,070 mg/l
promelas),		
Goldfish	-	(measured, static) 96 h LC50 = 170 mg/l
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	-	(nominal, static). 24 h LC50= 140 mg/l
Crangon crangon (shrimp)	-	(nominal, renewal). 48 h LC50> 100 mg/l
Brine shrimp	-	48 h LC50= 7,100 mg/l
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	-	48 h EC50= 65 mg/l

#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: ALCOHOL DENAT.

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas),	(nominal, st	atic). 96 h LC50 = 14,700 mg/l
Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri),	(nominal, st	atic). 96 h LC50 = 13,000 mg/l
Brine shrimp	(nominal, st	atic). 48 h LC50= 25.5 mg/l
Daphnia pulex	(nominal, st	atic). 18 h LC50= 12,100 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	(nominal, st	atic). 48 h EC50> 10,000 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	(nominal, st	atic). 48 h LC50= 9,248 mg/l
Ceriodaphnia dubia	(nominal, st	atic). 48 h LC50= 8,808 mg/l



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary : If this product becomes a waste, it DOES NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261, in that it does not exhibit the characteristics of hazardous waste of Subpart C, nor is it listed as a hazardous waste under Subpart D.As a nonhazardous liquid waste, it should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Potential US EPA Waste Codes : not applicable

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Land (US DOT): UN1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (COPPER TRIETHANOLAMINE COMPLEX) 8 III Water (IMDG): UN1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (COPPER TRIETHANOLAMINE COMPLEX) 8 III Marine Pollutant: No

Air (IATA): UN1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., (COPPER TRIETHANOLAMINE COMPLEX) 8 III Emergency Response Guide Number: ERG # 154



Transportation Notes:

Under specific circumstances, this product can ship under two transport exceptions, Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity. See Bill of Lading for proper shipping description.

EMS:

F-A, S-B

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):	This is an EPA registered pesticide.
EPA Pesticide Registration Number:	None established
FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals (40 CFR 180):	This product is regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. It must be used for purposes consistent with its labeling.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 312 (40 CFR 370.2):

### Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

Extremely Hazardous Substance Section 302 - Threshold Planning Quantity: ZUS\_SAR302 TPQ (threshold planning None established quantity)

### Reportable Quantity (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix):

ZUS_CERCLA	Reportable quantity	Diethanolamine Value: 100lbs Formaldehyde Value: 100lbs Sodium hydroxide Value: 1,000lbs
ZUS_SAR302	Reportable quantity	Formaldehyde Value: 100lbs

### Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS_SAR313 D	e minimis concentration
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Diethanolamine Value: < 1% by weight Formaldehyde Value: < 0.1% by weight



Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r: CAA 112R None established

Clean Air Act Socmi: HON SOC

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Synthetic Organic Chemicals (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 1) 07 1999 Group I

DIETHANOLAMINE (2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL)

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Synthetic Organic Chemicals (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 1) 07 1999 Group I ETHANOLAMINE

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Synthetic Organic Chemicals (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 1) 07 1999 Group I FORMALDEHYDE

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Synthetic Organic Chemicals (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 1) 07 1999 Group I TRIETHANOLAMINE

Clean Air Act VOC Section 111: CAA 111

US. EPA Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489) 01 1996 ETHANOLAMINE

US. EPA Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489) 01 1996 FORMALDEHYDE

US. EPA Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489)

01 1996 SODIUM BENZOATE

US. EPA Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489) 01 1996 ETHYL ALCOHOL

US. EPA Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489) 01 1996 SORBIC ACID

Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutants Section 112: ZUS CAAHAP None established

ZUS\_CAAHRP None established

CAA AP

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 2) 04 1999 DIETHANOLAMINE (2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL)

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 2) 04 1999 FORMALDEHYDE

US. EPA Hazardous Organic NESHAP (HON) Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 63.100-.106, Table 2) 04 1999 FORMALDEHYDE

### State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

Pennsylvania:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
141-43-5	Ethanolamine
102-71-6	Triethanolamine
64-17-5	Ethanol

ZUSPA\_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11 ETHANOL, 2,2',2"-NITRILOTRIS-

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1990-01-01 ETHANOL hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1990-01-01 DENATURED ALCOHOL hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 ETHANOL

#### New Jersey:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
141-43-5	Ethanolamine
102-71-6	Triethanolamine
64-17-5	Ethanol

ZUSNJ\_RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 ETHANOLAMINE MONOETHANOLAMINE ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-Special Health Hazard - Corrosive

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 TRIETHANOLAMINE ETHANOL, 2,2',2"-NITRILOTRIS-

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 ETHYL ALCOHOL ALCOHOL METHYLCARBINOL ETHANOL Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen, Special Health Hazard - Flammable - Third Degree, Special Health Hazard - Mutagen, Special Health Hazard - Teratogen

#### Massachusetts:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
141-43-5	Ethanolamine



102-71-6	Triethanolamine
64-17-5	Ethanol

## ZUSMA\_RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 ETHANOLAMINE 2-AMINOETHANOL

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 TRIETHANOLAMINE

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 ETHYL ALCOHOL DENATURED ALCOHOL ETHANOL Teratogen. Sufficient evidence of teratogenic risk in humans.

#### California Proposition 65:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
50-00-0	FORMALDEHYDE	

ZUSCA\_P65

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. No Significant Risk Levels 40 ug/day Formaldehyde (gas) Carcinogen

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. No Significant Risk Levels 40 micrograms per day Formaldehyde (gas)

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Formaldehyde Carcinogen

#### WHMIS Hazard Classification:

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent 1170

Monoethanolamine

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent 1663 Triethanolamine

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 0.1 Weight percent 805 Ethanol

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent 985 Copper(II) carbonate hydroxide

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

SDS REVISION STATUS:	
SECTIONS REVISED:	3
Major References :	Available upon request.

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS SDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. AQUA TRI® BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS SDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT AQUA TRI® SDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT.