IPS								Date Revised	MAR 2008	
WELD-ON		MATERIA	AL SAF	ETY DA	TA SHE	ET		Supersedes:	IUN 2007	
Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose.										
IPS Corporation urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet.										
SECTION I										
MANUFACTURER'S NAME Transportation Emergencies:										
IPS Corporation				CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300						
ADDRESS				Medical Emergencies:						
17109 S. Main St., P.O. B	3 E COMPANY (24 Hour No.) (800) 451-8346									
Business: (310) 898-3300										
CHEMICAL NAME and FAMILY				TRADE NAME: WELD-ON P-68 Low VOC Primer for PVC/CPVC Plastic Pipe						
Mixture of Organic Solvents Adhesive Primer for Plastic				FORMULA: Proprietary						
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS										
None of the ingredients below are listed as										
carcinogens by IARC, NTP or OSHA		CAS#	APPROX %	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)		78-93-3	15 - 25*	200 PPM	300 PPM	200 PPM	300 PPM			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)**		109-99-9	15 - 25	50 PPM# Skin	100 PPM	200 PPM	250 PPM			
Acetone		67-64-1 108-94-1	25 - 40	500 PPM	750 PPM	750 PPM	1000 PPM			
	Cyclohexanone		10 - 30	20 PPM Skin		50 PPM				
All of the constituents of W	Veld-On adhesive products ar	e listed on the TS	SCA invento	ry of chemical	substances m	aintained by t	he US EPA, or	are exempt fro	m that listing.	
* Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material. # Invista and BASF Acceptable Exposure Limit (AEL) guidelines for 8 hour and 12 hour TWA, Invista/BASF recommended STEL for 15 minute TWA: 75 PPM.										
	port from the National Toxico									
	study the rats and mice were						-			
	of liver tumors in female mice		rs in male ra	ats. No evidence	ce of tumors w	as seen in fer	male rats and n	nale mice. The	re is no	
· · ·	an exposure with cancer in hu				0050		DECIONATIO			
DOT Shipping Name:	MATION / CONTAINERS LA Flammable Liquid N.O.S.	RGER THAN ON	ELITER	SPECIAL HAZARD DESIGNATIONS HMIS NFPA HAZARD RATING					ATING	
	(Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Aceto	one)		HEALTH:		2	2			
DOT Hazard Class:	3	,		FLAMMABILI	ITY:	3	3			
Identification Number:	UN 1993			REACTIVITY	<b>'</b> :	0	1	1 2 - MODERATE		
Packaging Group:	II Flammable Liquid			PROTECTIV			3 - SERIOUS			
Label Required:			EQUIPMENT	:	B - H		4 - SEVERE			
SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR CONTAINERS LESS THAN ONE LITER				B = Eye, Hand/Skin (for normal solvent-welding, small spill, clean-up activities)						
DOT Shipping Name:			H = Eye, Hand/Skin, Respiratory Protection and Impermeable Apron (splash/							
DOT Hazard Class:	ORM-D			immersic	on risks)					
		SECTIO	N III -	PHYSIC	AL DA	ГА				
APPEARANCE	ODOR				BOILING POINT (°F/°C)					
Clear or Purple, thin liquid		Ethereal			133 °F (57 °C) Based on			irst boiling component:		
		<u> </u>				Acetone				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 7	3℉±3.6°(23℃±2°)	VAPOR PRES	•	•			PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)			
Typical 0.845 ± 0.040		190 mm Hg. ba component, Ac		0		100%	00%			
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1)		EVAPORATIO	-	( )		SOLUBILITY IN WATER				
2.0		6-11		Completely soluble			soluble in water	water.		
	plied and tested per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test method 316A: 1									
VOC STATEMENT: Maxi	mum VOC emissions when a	ONI IV			I est method	316A: 550 Gr	ams/Liter (g/l).	ТЛ		
	35011	ON IV - F					אט עחי			
								13.0		
	-6 °F (-21 °C) T.C.C. Based on Acetone (PERCENT BY VOLUME) 2.1 FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA							13.0		
		ny appropriately	sized ABC o	dry chemical, ca	arbon dioxide	or foam exting	guisher can be	used for small	fires.	
Ansul "Purple K" potassium bicarbonate dry chemical, any appropriately sized ABC dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam extinguisher can be used for small fires. Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires.										
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES										
Evacuate enclosed areas. Stay upwind. Close quarters or confined spaces require self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure mask or airline mask.										
Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires and avoid water flow or water streams/spray distributing burning material or contaminated										
	into sewers or storm drains.									
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EX	PLOSION HAZARDS									
	w flash point and high volatility	/. Vapors are hea	wier than ai	r and may trave	el to source(s)	of ignition at	or near ground	or lower level(	s) and flash	
back.										
Sheet 1 of 2 ff-d										

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA										
PRIMARY ROUTES										
OF ENTRY: <u>X</u> Inhalation <u>X</u> Skin ContactEye ContactIngestion										
EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE										
ACUTE:										
Inhalation:         Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages.           Skin Contact:         Skin irritant. Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact.										
Skin Absorption: Prolonged or widespread exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material.	Prolonged or widespread exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material.									
	Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjuctival inflammation on contact with the liquid. Vapors slightly uncomfortable.									
Ingestion:         Moderately toxic. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause mental sluggishness.           CHRONIC:         Symptoms of respiratory tract irritation and damage to respiratory epithelium were reported in rats exposed to 5000 ppm THF for 90 days.										
Elevation of SGPT suggests a disturbance in liver function. The NOEL was reported to be 200 ppm.										
REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS         TERATOGENICITY         MUTAGENICITY         EMBRYOTOXICITY         SENSITIZATION TO PRODUCT         SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS           N. AP.         N. AP.         N. AP.         N. AP.         N. AP.         N. AV.										
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the eyes, skin or respiratory system may have increased										
susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.										
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES										
Inhalation: If overcome by vapors, remove to fresh air and if breathing stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxyger	. Call									
physician.										
Eye Contact:         Flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes and call a physician.           Skin Contact:         Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, get										
medical attention.	, 3									
Ingestion: Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Call physician or poison control center immediately.										
SECTION VI - REACTIVITY STABILITY UNSTABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID										
STABLE         CONDITIONS TO AVOID           STABLE         X           Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.										
INCOMPATIBILITY										
(MATERIALS TO AVOID) Caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS										
When forced to burn, this product gives out carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and smoke.										
HAZARDOUS MAY OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID										
POLYMERIZATION         WILL NOT OCCUR         X         Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition.										
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES										
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED										
Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid breathing of vapors. Keep liquid out of eyes. Flush with large amount of water. Contain liquid with sand or earth. Absorb with										
sand or nonflammable absorbent material and transfer into steel drums for recovery or disposal. Prevent liquid from entering drains.										
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD										
Follow local, State and Federal regulations. Consult disposal expert. Can be disposed of by incineration. Excessive quantities should not be permitted to enter										
drains. Empty containers should be air dried before disposing. Hazardous Waste Code (CA): 214.										
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION										
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type)										
Atmospheric levels should be maintained below established exposure limits contained in Section II. If airborne concentrations exceed those limits, use of a N	IOSH									
approved organic vapor cartridge respirator with full face-piece is recommended. The effectiveness of an air purifying respirator is limited. Use it only for a sin										
short-term exposure. For emergency and other conditions where short-term exposure guidelines may be exceeded, use an approved positive pressure										
self-contained breathing apparatus.										
VENTILATION										
Use only with adequate ventilation. Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits set forth in Section II.										
Use only explosion proof ventilation equipment.										
PROTECTIVE GLOVES PVA coated rubber gloves for frequent dipping/immersion. Use of latex/nitrile EYE PROTECTION Splashproof chemic	al goggles.									
surgical gloves or solvent resistant barrier creme should provide adequate protection when normal solvent-ceme face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with										
welding practices and procedures are used for solvent welding of plastic sheet/pipe joints. guards and side shields, etc. as appropriate	9									
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES										
Impervious apron and a source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact.										
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS										
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING										
Store in the shade between 40 °F - 110 °F (5 °C - 43.7 °C). Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor.										
Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Train employees on all special handling procedures before they work with this product.										
OTHER PRECAUTIONS Follow all precautionary information given on container label, product bulletins and our solvent cementing literature. All material handling equipment should be										
electrically grounded.										
The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from										
the use thereof.										