IPS

WELD-ON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: FEB 2005 Supersedes: OCT 2003

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. IPS Corporation urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet.

SECTION I

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

IPS Corporation
ADDRESS

17109 S. Main St., P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA. 90248

Transportation Emergencies:

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

Medical Emergencies:

3 E COMPANY (24 Hour No.) (800) 451-8346

Business: (310) 898-3300

CHEMICAL NAME and FAMILY

PVC to ABS Solvent Cement
Mixture of PVC Resin and Organic Solvents

TRADE NAME:

WELD-ON 2794 Low VOC PVC to ABS Plastic Pipe Cement

FORMULA: Proprietary

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

None of the ingredients below are listed as							DUPONT	
carcinogens by IARC, NTP or OSHA	CAS#	APPROX %	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL	(A) AEL	(B) STEL
Polyvinyl Chloride Resin (PVC)	NON/HAZ		N/A		N/A			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)**	109-99-9	22 - 43	200 PPM	250 PPM	200 PPM	250 PPM	50 PPM	75 PPM
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	6 - 24*	200 PPM	300 PPM	200 PPM	300 PPM		
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	12 - 38	20 PPM Skin	50 PPM	50 PPM Skir	1		

All of the constituents of Weld-On adhesive products are either exempt from or are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA.

⁽A) Dupont and BASF Mfg's Acceptable Exposure Limit (AEL) guidelines for 8 hour and 12 hour TWA, (B) Dupont/BASF recommended STEL for 15 minute TWA.

**Information found in a report from the National Toxicology Program (NTP) on an inhalation study in rats and mice suggests that Tetrahydrofuran (THF) can cause tumors in animals. In the study the rats and mice were exposed to THF vapor levels up to 1800 PPM for two years (their lifetime), 6 hours/day, 5 days/week. Test results showed evidence of liver tumors in female mice and kidney tumors in male rats. No evidence of tumors was seen in female rats and male mice. There is no data linking Tetrahydrofuran exposure with cancer in humans.

BULK SHIPPING INFORMATION / CONTAINERS LARGER THAN ONE LITER		SPECIAL HAZARD DESIGNATIONS					
DOT Shipping Name:	Adhesive		HMIS	NFPA	HAZARD RATING		
DOT Hazard Class:	3	HEALTH:	2	2	0 - MINIMAL		
Identification Number:	UN 1133	FLAMMABILITY:	3	3	1 - SLIGHT		
Packaging Group:	II	REACTIVITY:	0	1	2 - MODERATE		
Label Required:	Flammable Liquid	PROTECTIVE			3 - SERIOUS		
		EQUIPMENT:	B - H		4 - SEVERE		
SHIPPING INFORMATION FOR CONTAINERS LESS THAN ONE LITER		B = Eye, Hand/Skin (fo	B = Eye, Hand/Skin (for normal solvent-welding activities)				
DOT OUT IN	On a sure on On a sure of the						

DOT Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity H = Eye, Hand/Skin, Respiratory Protection and Impermeable Apron (splash/DOT Hazard Class: ORM-D immersion risks)

I Hazard Class: ORM-D Immersion ris

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA
ODOR

APPEARANCE	ODOR	BOILING POINT (°F/°C)
Green, medium syrupy liquid	Ethereal	151°F (67°C) Based on first boiling component: THF
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 73°F ± 3.6° (23°C ± 2°)	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)
Typical 0.964 ± 0.040	143 mm Hg. based on first boiling	Approx: 70 - 80%
	component, THF @ 68°F (20°C)	
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1)	EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC = 1)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER
2.49	> 1.0	Solvent portion completely soluble in water.
		Resin portion separates out.

VOC STATEMENT: Maximum VOC emissions when applied and tested poer SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A: 510 Grams/Liter (g/l).

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	LEL	UEL
-4°F (-20°C) T.C.C. Based on THF	(PERCENT BY VOLUME)	2.0	11.8

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Ansul "Purple K" potassium bicarbonate dry chemical, any appropriately sized ABC dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam extinguisher can be used for small fires. Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Evacuate enclosed areas. Stay upwind. Close quarters or confined spaces require self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure mask or airline mask. Use of a water fog by trained personnel can extinguish small/large fires and avoid water flow or water streams/spray distributing burning material or contaminated water over a large area or into sewers or storm drains. Use water spray to cool containers, to flush spills from source of ignition and to disperse vapors.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Fire hazard because of low flash point and high volatility. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to source(s) of ignition at or near the ground or lower level(s) and flash back.

^{*} Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification: This product contains toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA							
PRIMARY RO OF ENTRY:	UTES	X	Inhalation	Х	Skin Contact	Eye Contact _	Ingestion
EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE							
ACUTE: Inhalation: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages. Skin Contact: Skin irritant. Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact. Skin Absorption: Prolonged or widespread exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjuctival inflammation on contact with the liquid. Vapors slightly uncomfortable moderately toxic. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause mental sluggishness. CHRONIC: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages. Skin irritant. Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact. Prolonged or widespread exposure may result in the absorption of harmful amounts of material. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjuctival inflammation on contact with the liquid. Vapors slightly uncomfortable moderately toxic. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. May cause mental sluggishness. Symptoms of respiratory tract irritation and damage to respiratory epithelium were reported in rats exposed to 5000 ppm THF for 90 days. Elevation of SGPT suggests a disturbance in liver function. The NOEL was reported to be 200 ppm.							
	REPRODUCTIV N. AP.	E EFFECTS TE	ERATOGENICITY N. AP.	MUTAGENIO N. AF		Y SENSITIZATION TO PR N. AP.	ODUCT SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS N. AV.
susceptibility	NDITIONS AG to the toxicity	of excessive e	BY EXPOSURE exposures.				respiratory system may have increased
EMERGENCY Inhalation: Eye Contact: Skin Contact:	AND FIRST	physician. Flush eyes wi	y vapors, remo th plenty of wa aminated clothi	ter for 15 mir	nutes and call a physi	cian.	piration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call or at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, get
Ingestion:				or milk. Do	not induce vomiting.	Call physician or poison	control center immediately.
				SECTIO	ON VI - REAC	CTIVITY	
STABILITY	UNSTABLE STABLE		Х		NS TO AVOID from heat, sparks, op	pen flame and other sour	ces of ignition.
INCOMPATIBI (MATERIALS		austics, ammo	nia, inorganic a	acids, chlorina	ated compounds, stroi	ng oxidizers and isocyan	ates.
		TION PRODUC		ide, carbon o	dioxide, hydrogen chlo	oride and smoke.	
HAZARDOUS	1	MAY OCCU	R		CONDITIONS TO	AVOID	
POLYMERIZA	HON	WILL NOT C		VII - SE	•		and other sources of ignition.
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid breathing of vapors. Keep liquid out of eyes. Flush with large amount of water. Contain liquid with sand or earth. Absorb with sand or nonflammable absorbent material and transfer into steel drums for recovery or disposal. Prevent liquid from entering drains.							
-	State and Fede	ral regulations	-	-	an be disposed of by ous Waste Code (CA):		quantities should not be permitted to enter
		SE	CTION V	III - SPE	ECIAL PROT	ECTION INFO	RMATION
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (Specify type) Atmospheric levels should be maintained below established exposure limits contained in Section II. If airborne concentrations exceed those limits, use of a NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge respirator with full face-piece is recommended. The effectiveness of an air purifying respirator is limited. Use it only for a single short-term exposure. For emergency and other conditions where short-term exposure guidelines may be exceeded, use an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.							
VENTILATION Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not use in close quarters or confined spaces. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed in Section II. Use only explosion-proof ventilation equipment.							
PROTECTIVE GLOVES PVA coated rubber gloves for frequent dipping/immersion. Use of latex/nitrile surgical gloves or solvent resistant barrier creme should provide adequate protection when normal solvent-cement welding practices and procedures are used for solvent welding of plastic sheet/pipe joints. EYE PROTECTION Splashproof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards & side shields, etc. as appropriate for exposure.							
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND HYGIENIC PRACTICES Impervious apron and a source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact.							
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS							
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING Store in the shade between 40°F - 110°F (5°C - 43.7°C). Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Train employees on all special handling procedures before they work with this product.							
OTHER PRECAUTIONS Follow all precautionary information given on container label, product bulletins and our solvent cementing literature. All material handling equipment should be electrically grounded.							
The information of	ontained herein is	based on data con	nsidered accurate. I	However, no war	rranty is expressed or implie	ed regarding the accuracy of thi	s data or the results to be obtained from

the use thereof.

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